Transmission of financial shocks and leverage of banks: An endogenous regime switching framework

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Contribution

New Endogenous Regime-Switching model framework

We extend previous literature by

- 1. Time-varying probabilities in Regime Switching Vectorautoregressive (RS VAR) models (extension of Sims, Waggoner and Zha (JoE 2008))
- 2. General, non-recursive identification schemes in regime switching models incl. sign restrictions and narrative sign restrictions (we extend Antolin-Diaz and Rubio-Ramirez, AER 2018, and Arias, Rubio-Ramirez and Waggoner, Econometrica 2018, from constant parameter to regime switching models)
- 3. Different identification schemes in different regimes

Novel empirical analysis: Banks and transmission of financial shocks to the macroeconomy

- Use large bank-level data set and our new regime switching model
- Market-based leverage of financial institutions (building on Adrian and Brunnermeier, AER 2016):
 - Amplification of financial shock transmission
- 2. **Different transmission of financial shocks** in different regimes (as in *Hubrich and Tetlow, JME 2015*)
- **3. Heterogeneity** of financial institutions

New Regime Switching Structural VAR model

RS-SVAR model with time-varying transition probabilities:

$$A_0(s_t^c)y_t = A_+(s_t^c)x_t + \Xi^{-1}(s_t^v)\varepsilon_t, \tag{1}$$

 y_t : Endogenous variables; $x_t' = [y_{t-1}', \cdots, y_{t-p}', 1]$

 ε_t : vector of standard normal shocks

 $A_0(s_t^c), A_+(s_t^c)$: Coefficient matrices

 $\Xi^{-1}(s_t^v)$: Diagonal matrix with standard deviations of shocks

Transition matrix: Probability of staying in regime j allowed to depend on endogenous variable(s):

• Diagonal elements give time-varying persistence of j^{th} regime:

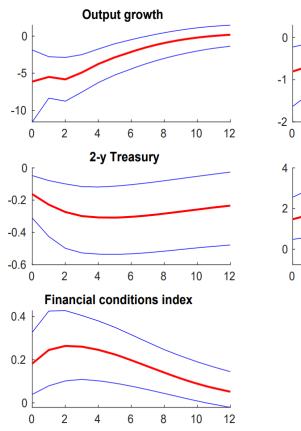
$$p_{t+1(j)|t(j)} = \frac{1}{1+e^{-u_{j,t}}}$$

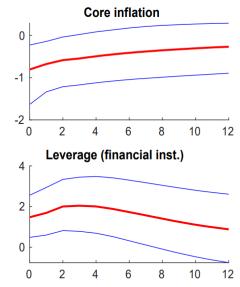
where

$$u_{j,t} = c_j + \gamma_j y_{t,t-k+1}$$

where
$$y'_{t,t-k+1} = [y'_t, \cdots, y'_{t-k+1}]$$

Endogenous regime switching model with general, non-recursive restrictions: Example sign restrictions





High financial constraint regime:

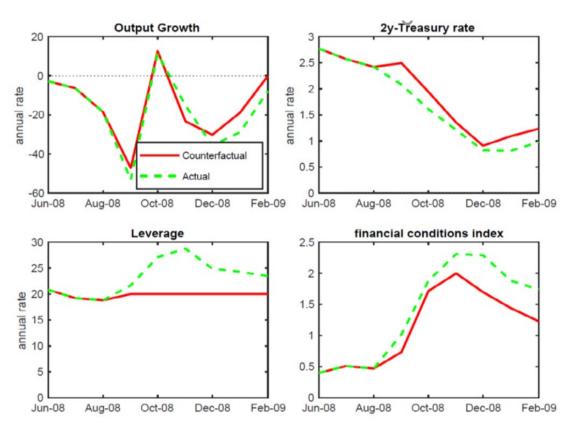
 Identification: Sign restrictions only contemporaneously on all endogenous variables

Responses to financial shock (median)

- Protracted negative output response
- Market leverage initially increases, then declines due to deleveraging
- Deleveraging can lead to amplification effects with adverse implications for the real economy

Robustness: Results robust with fewer narrative sign restriction

Counterfactual: Illustrates role of leverage ratio



- What if (market) leverage would have remained constant September 2008? – Counterfactual red line
 - Avoiding large increase and subsequent fall in market leverage
 - Less pronounced constraints in financial conditions
 - Less pronounced decline in output growth and quicker recovery
- Real effects amplified by leverage of financial institutions in high financial constraint regime
- Evidence that leverage ratio useful regulatory tool

Conclusions and implications for financial stability policy

New Endogenous Regime Switching model framework:

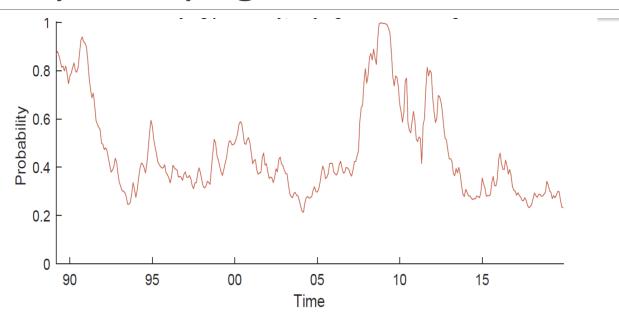
- > Time-varying probability of switching regime, depends endogenously on the state of the economy
- > General, non-recursive identification schemes (incl. sign restrictions) in regime switching models
- Extension: narrative sign restrictions results are robust with fewer sign restrictions

Implications for financial stability and policy

- Our empirical findings in a novel model support conclusion from theoretical macroeconomic models incorporating bank balance sheets:
 - Deleveraging can lead to procyclical financial amplification effects with adverse implications for the real economy
 - Leverage ratio useful as complementary regulatory tool
- Extensions (in progress): Heterogeneity of financial institutions: GSIBs, Non-banks

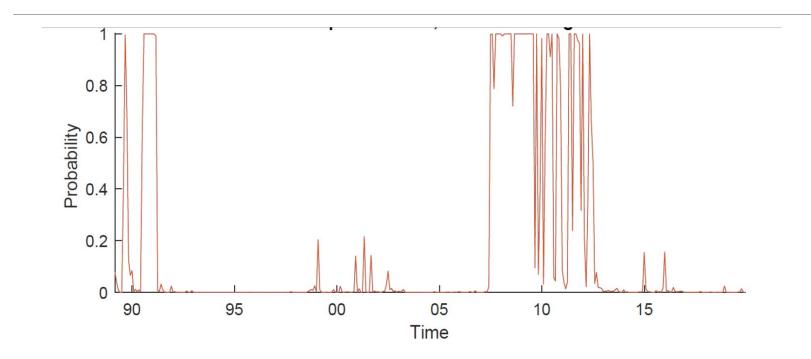
Background slides

Probability of staying in financial constraint regime



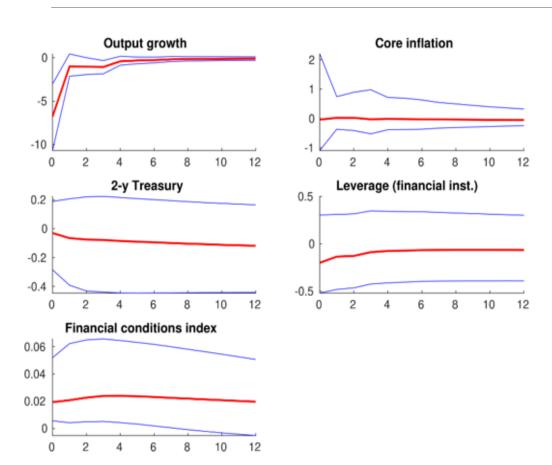
- Time-varying probabilities of staying in high financial constraints regime
 - Dependent on interest rate, leverage and financial conditions
 - Median, conditional on being in that regime
 - Probability declines sharply in 2009/2010
- > Endogenous regime switching model useful for regime interpretation

Financial constraint regime



- Smoothed probabilities of **being in high financial constraint regime** (median)
- Financial stress and recession: S&L crisis, 1990/91 recession, GFC and recession

Endogenous regime switching model with general, non-recursive restrictions: Example sign restrictions - normal regime



Normal times

 Identification: Sign restrictions only contemporaneously on financial stress and output growth

Responses to financial shock (median)

- Small, nonpersistent negative output response
- Market leverage insignificant
- Leverage does not matter in normal times

Robustness: Results robust with fewer narrative sign restriction

References

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